# PROCEEDING OF THE MEETING OF SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT APPRAISAL COMMITTEE (SIAAC) HELD ON 23-10-2018

As per provision of Section 7 of the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013, a meeting of Social Impact Assessment Appraisal Committee for acquiring land for residential project Aero-City Expansion in Mohali in the area of district SAS Nagar was held on 23.10.2018 under the chairpersonship of Dr. Rajesh Gill, Professor, Department of Sociology, in the Conference Room, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor PUDA Bhawan, Sector 62, Mohali, Punjab. Following members were present:-

S.No.	Name	Designation
1.	Prof. Rajesh Gill	Chairperson & Expert, Rehabilitation
2.	Sh. K.S. Sidhu(IAS)	Non-official Social Scientist
3.	Prof AK Sinha	Professor, PU Chandigarh
4.	Mrs Arina Duggal(PCS)	Collector, Land Acquisition
5.	Sh. Ashwini Gambhir	Land Acquisition Office, Mohali

At the outset, Collector, Land Acquisition, welcomed the members of the Committee. It was informed that as per The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013, Department of Anthropology, Panjab University has been notified as State Social Impact Assessment Unit. The work of Social Impact Assessment of land to be acquired for residential project as Aerocity Expansion in Mohali was awarded to the State SIA unit. Punjab University Chandigarh, State SIA unit gave the presentation on the report as below:-

Sl.No.	SIA Status	Date
1	Notification of Social Impact Assessment	05-12-2017
2	Public Hearing Notification	10-04-2018
3	Public Hearing Held	30-5-2018 & 31-05-2018
4	SIA Report received from Punjab University, Chandigarh	27-09-2018
6	Letter for meeting to Expert Group	17-10-2018
7	Meeting of Social Impact Assessment Appraisal Committee	23-10-2018

## Indicative Methodology of Conducting SIA:-

Aspects of SIA	Description of Methodology	Source
Assess whether the proposed	The development falls in category 2(e)	RFCTLARR
acquisition serves public purpose	of section 2 of the LARR Act 2013 and	Act 2013
	in the category of 'Public Purpose'.	
Estimate no. of affected families	Conducted census survey in the proposed	Supplied by
and no. of families among them	area through structured schedule by	GMADA and
likely to be displaced	interviewing method	field
		verification
Understand the extent of	Ownership details of the land and type of	GMADA and
land(public and private), houses,	land to be acquired, enumeration of	field study
settlement and other common	affected properties, trees etc. is given in	
properties likely to be affected by	chapter 5 submitted SIA report	
the proposed acquisition		
Understand the extent of land	With the consultations of GMADA and	Secondary
acquired is bare minimum needed	others stakeholders, it came out that the	sources and
for the project	land being acquired is of bare minimum	field
	need and is new for Future expansion.	verification
Study of the social impacts, nature	Described in chapter 4, 5 and 6 of	Field study and
and cost of addressing them and	submitted SIA report	secondary

impact of these cost on the overall	sources
cost of the project vis-à-vis the	
benefit of the project	

#### **Project and Public Purpose:-**

One of the objectives of the Social Impact Assessment is to examine the nature of proposed project, whether it is a public purpose project or not. The proposed land acquisition for developing Aero City Expansion SAS Nagar Mohali is required due to the following reasons:

Aero City Expansion is proposed to be developed by GMADA, situated near IT City and in the vicinity of Chandigarh International Airport. The proposed Aero-City Expansion proposes to be a spacious, calm, abode through promoting health, creativity and prosperity of its inhabitants. This proposed project will have residential area along with commercial establishments in the vicinity for providing shopping and employments opportunities to the residents.

The Greater Mohali Region under the jurisdiction of GMADA has been the subject of recent regional planning efforts to plan for an urban area of 2.5 million people, building on the growth that has occurred in Chandigarh since its establishment, and the extension of its urban footprint into the surrounding areas within Punjab and Haryana.

In view of the growing urbanization and congestion of existing cities, GMADA conceived the idea of developing a new independent and self-sustaining city to cater the projected growth of Chandigarh and Mohali over the next 20 years.

Keeping in the view the above issues, it is in the public interest to acquire the land for developing Aero City Expansion in Mohali.

Study of Positive and Negative effects:-	

Positive Impact	Negative Impact	Remarks	
• Rise in the Level of	• Social security would decrease	Keeping in view the whole	
income Improvement	• Adverse impact on heritage of old	analysis of land	
in standard of living	generation Social disarticulation	acquisition would be	
Enhanced food security	• Loss of access to common	beneficial to the local	
Boost in non-farm	property resources	community and society at	
sector	• Disintegration of social support	large.	
• Betterment in social	systems		
status	• Lack of community and socio-		
• Improvement in basic	religious institutions at new		
amenities	places		

## Project Area: Loss of Land:-

Total area of the proposed residential project as Aero City Expansion (Part-3) is 1428 acres. The village-wise land detail is presented below:-

Sl.No.	Village Name	Area as per GMADA Record(Acres)	Area as per the SIA Survey (Acres)
1	Matra	78	78
2	BariSeon	398	398
3	Kishanpura	755	755
4	Chhat	81	81
5	Bakarur	69	69
6	Seon	47	47
Total		1428	1428

#### Analysis of affected land and assets:-

Type of Impacts	Mitigation Measures
Loss of fertile agricultural land, which is	Compensation for land as per provision of
approx. 97.3 per cent of the affected land	RFCTLARR Act 2013
Loss of livelihood of people as 81.6 per cent	Rehabilitation Assistance
of land owners confirmed that the proposed land is continuously under usage and majority of the business activities are being performed	The stamp duty and other fee payable for registration shall be borne by the GMADA
Loss of 1542 fruit plants on affected land,	Compensation for land as per provision of
such as Mango, Safeda, Guava, grapes,	RFCTLARR Act 2013
Nimboo etc. Loss of 950 timber plants like sheesham, Safeda and Neem etc.	Compensation for fruit bearing trees as per norms of department of Forest, GoP Compensation for timber bearing trees as per norms of department of Forest, GoP The stamp duty and other fee payable for registration shall be borne by the GMADA
Removal of 25 pucca, 7 semi-pucca and 1	Compensation for land as per provision of
kutcha dwellings structures in the affected	RFCTLARR Act 2013
area Acquisition of water sources like 61 owned Tubewells, 19 households owned wells and 1	Advance notice to be served to owners to re- adjust temporary house structures
household owned drip irrigation and underground pumps	

#### During the Presentation following observations were raised by the members:-

- 1) The road connectivity should be enhanced by connecting existing roads of affected villages with the proposed roads under upcoming planned development.
- 2) If the existing pubic or religious areas are not affecting the proposed planned development, then these areas should be exempted from acquisition.
- 3) The registry rate/circle rate is low, so the base rate should be prepared for deciding compensation of land.
- 4) No cess for land pooling should be charged from the land owners.
- 5) Awareness should be provided to the land owners for the utilization of compensation of their land.
- 6) In addition to the indirect questions, the willingness of the land owners towards acquisition should be assessed by asking very direct questions.
- 7) Women and old age persons should be part of planning process.
- 8) Skill training should be given to land owners so that they can use their compensation amount in a proper manner.

#### After detailed deliberation the Committee decided as under:-

The Chairperson congratulated PU, Chandigarh for completing the job within the given timeframe. It was further observed that the social impact assessment report submitted by SIA unit, PU, Chandigarh, was quite comprehensive. However, it was suggested that the in future, the report should be crisp and to the point, meeting the requirements of the LARRA 2013.

After a detailed presentation and discussion, following are some of the observations of Social Impact Assessment Appraisal Committee (SSIAC).

- 1) For environmental and healthy living, GMADA proposal for including Aero City Expansion in the proposed plan is recommended. Similarly, it is desirable to provide land/area for EWS for low cost, affordable houses, preferably at a place where high rise buildings are permissible.
- 2) Committee is of the strong view that in future the terms of reference for the Social Impact study should also include the views of women and other important stakeholders on the project as also the land acquisition impact on them, as land owners either individually or jointly.
- **3**) During acquisition, small leftover parcels of land should be considered as far as possible within provision of the Right to fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act 2013.
- **4)** The challenges and problems owing to disturbance that the affected population would face cannot be ignored and needs proper mitigation measures.

Format of opinion of the Expert Group constituted under section 7, sub-section 1 of the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation Act, 2013.

S. No.	<b>Opinion of the Expert Group</b>	yes	NO
1	The project will serve any public purpose	$\checkmark$	
2	The potential benefits outweigh the social cost and adverse social impacts	✓	
3	The extent proposed to be acquired is absolute bare	$\checkmark$	
4	There are no other displacing options available	✓	

### **Recommendations:-**

The Expert Group is of the opinion that the proposed Urban Development has been delineated in Section 2(i)-e of The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation Act, 2013. Hence it serves the public purpose.

While doing appraisal of the SIA Report the Committee has found that Aero City Expansion is going to be implemented according to the Master Plan. Hence under this planned development there are no possible alternatives and the land proposed for acquisition is the bare minimum.

The SIA Report ascertains that the potential benefits of the Project outweigh the social cost and adverse social impact.

In the light of above mentioned facts, the Case is recommended to the Government of Punjab to proceed for acquisition of land for Aero City Expansion as per provision of The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation Act, 2013.

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